

WORKSHOP PRESENTATION

Importance of foot force & reactivity







While stopping / sliding

While accelerating

While adapting to the ball



Biomechanically: to be fast ...



Sprint biomechanics:

- Length of your stride
- Frequency
- Contact time on the ground



Contact time on the ground:

- Reactivity / Stiffness
- Force in the foot
- Hight of the jump



The feet



- There are more sensory cells in our feet than in our face.
- (... reflex zones)



• Our feet are impressively complex. Almost 30 bones, almost 30 joints, 60 muscles, more than 100 ligaments and over 200 tendons make it a "sophisticated masterpiece".



Role of the feet in sport



- The only contact point between the body and the ground is the foot!!
- As a consequence, the foot is the first part of the body that initiates the acceleration of any movement (counterforce to the ground)
- The muscular tone in our body allows the counterforce from the ground to be more effectively used, only when stability is present between the foot and the torso.
- The foot also absorbs the information (sensory cells) from the floor/shoe on a neuro-athletic basis and sends it to the central nervous system (CNS).
- The CNS then sends information back to the foot (muscles, tendons, etc.) → so action can happen

Role of the feet in Tennis



In athletic tennis

- Effectiveness
- Efficiency
- Economy

start in the feet



Reactivity in Tennis: sport science



During the short time of a rally, agility, timing and precision as well as reactivity and speed combined with about 4.5 change of direction determine success or failure.

- Relationship Achilles tendon and ground contact time during drop jumps; M. Abdelsattar et. al.; Journal of Sport Sciences and Medicine; 2018)
 - A short ground contact time is required in several types of sport. Therefore a stiff
 Achilles tendon might be advantageous due to
 the quick force transmission from the muscles
 to the bone. The results of the study shows a
 correlation between ground contact time and
 Achilles tendon stiffness.
- Relationship between split-step timing and leg stiffness when returning fast services; Sami Mecheri et. al; Journal of Sport Sciences; 2019:
 - The study states that elite players have higher foot stiffness and better reactivity than other players.
 - The <u>hypothesis</u> now is: whether elite players can also wait a little longer to initiate their split-step in order to absorb more relevant information and move accordingly more effectively and more purposefully on return ???

Foot – Concept



• Testing: Mobility and Performance

- Practicing Mobility
 - Practicing Strength
 - Transfer into non-specific training
 - Transfer into Tennis oriented training

Examples for Testing:



Mobility









Performance

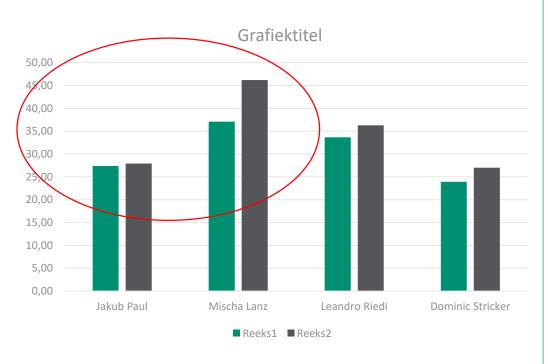




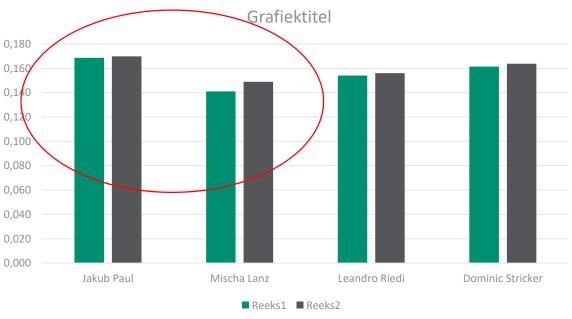
Performance: Drop Jump 20 cm / 40 cm



height



contact time



Examples for Mobility









Examples for Strengthening





Barefoot training should be included in most warm-ups and explosive training sessions.









Non-specific performance training











reactivity

proprioception

reactivity lateral

strength power

Non-specific performance training:





Backward Running

The Why and How to Program for Better Athleticism
Strength & Conditioning Journal; Oct. 2019

lateral / change of direction / linear



Tennis oriented performance training



Lower complexity



Tennis oriented movements / specific

- → focus on foot activity
- → reactivity on the first steps



Higher complexity

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Thank you for your attention!